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its use in women of childbearing age who may become pregnant.
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Diabinese should be discontinued promptly when the development of sensitivity is suspected. Jaundice has been reported, and is usually promptly reversible on discontinuance of therapy. THE COCUR-RENCE OF PROGRESSIVE ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE ELEVATION SHOULD SUGGEST THE POSSIBILITY OF INCIPIENT JAUNDICE AND CONSTITUTES AN INDICATION FOR WITHDRAWAL OF THE DRUG Leukopenia, thrombocytopenia and mild anemia, which converges considerable was organised beginning from the convergence of the conv

Leukopenia, thrombocytopenia and mild anemia, which occur occasionally, are generally benign and revert to normal, following cessation of the drug. Cases of aplastic anemia and agranulocytosis, generally similar to blood dyscrasias associated with other sulfonylureas, have been reported.

BECAUSE OF THE PROLONGED HYPOGLYCEMIC ACTION OF DIABINESE, PATIENTS WHO BECOME HYPOGLYCEMIC DURING THERAPY WITH THIS DRUG RECUIRE CLOSE SUPERVISION FOR A MINIMUM PERICO OF 3 TO 5 DAYS, during which time frequent feedings or glucose administration are essential. The anorectic patient or the profoundly hypoglycemic patient should be hospitalized. should be hospitalized.

should be hospitalized. Rare cases of phototoxic reactions have been reported. Edema associated with hyponatremia has been infre-quently reported. It is usually readily reversible when medication is discontinued. Dosage: The mild to moderately severe, middle-aged, stable diabetic should be started on 250 mg daily. Be-cause the geriatric diabetic patient appears to be more sensitive to the hypoglycemic effect of sulfonylurea drugs, older patients should be started on smaller amounts of Diabinese, in the range of 100 to 125 mg daily.

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PNU-IMUNE®

Pneumococcal Vaccine. Polyvalent

INDICATIONS

PNU-IMUNE is indicated for immunization against pneumococcal disease caused by those against pireumococcal types included in the vaccine. See package circular for full prescribing details. Simultaneous administration of pneumococcal polysaccharide vaccine and whole-virus influenza

vaccine has been found to give satisfactory antibody response without increasing the incidence of side effects. Although not yet studied, simultaneous administration of the pneumococcal vaccine and split-virus influenza vaccine may also be expected to yield satisfactory results.

CONTRAINDICATIONS

Pregnancy: Safety, immunogenicity and efficacy of the vaccine in pregnancy has not been established, and vaccination is not recommended during

pregnancy.

Children Below 2 Years of Age: Children in this age group respond poorly to the current vaccine, and vaccination of children in this age group should not be undertaken

Hypersensitivity: Known hypersensitivity to any component of the vaccine, including hypersensitivity to thimerosal. Remedial measures for anaphylactoid reactions, including epinephrine injection (1:1000), must be available for immediate

WARNINGS:
PNU-IMUNE is not an effective agent for prophylaxis against pneumococcal disease caused by types not present in the vaccine. The vaccine may not be effective in patients undergoing treatment causing therapeutic suppression of the immune-response system.

immune-response system.
Patients who have received extensive chemotherapy and/or splenectomy for the treatment of Hodgkin's Disease have been shown to have an impaired serum antibody response to pneumococcal vaccine.

PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS
The vaccine should be injected deeply subcutaneously or intramuscularly. Do not inject intravenously. In the presence of any febrile respiratory illness or other active infection, the vaccine should not be used. The parenteral administration of any biological product should be surrounded by every known precaution for the prevention and arrest of allergic and other untoward reactions. A separate heat-sterilized syringe and needle or a new disposable equivalent should be used for each patient to prevent transmission of hepatitis B or other infectious agents. Patients having had episodes of pneumococcal pneumonia or other pneumococcal infection in the preceding three years may have high levels of pre-existing pneumococcal antibodies, which may result in increased reactions of PNU-IMUNE, mostly local but occasionally systemic. Exercise caution if such patients are to FNU-LIMOUS, mostly local but occasionally systemic. Exercise calution if such patients are considered for vaccination with PNU-IMUNE. Revaccination should not be considered at less than 5-year intervals, since protective antibody levels are believed to persist for substantial periods in most vaccinated persons. Revaccination before 5 years may result in more frequent and severe local reactions at the site of injection, especially in persons who have retained high antibody levels.

ADVERSE REACTIONS Adverse reactions with PNU-IMUNE are relatively few, not serious, and of short duration, relatively few, not serious, and of short duration, consisting for the most part of local reaction at injection site within 3 days after vaccination, low grade fever (less than 100°F), usually confined to the 24-hour period following vaccination.

Although rare, fever over 102°F and marked local swelling have been reported with pneumococcal polysaccharide vaccine. Reactions of greater severity or extent are unusual. Rarely, anaphylactoid reactions have been reported.



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THEOLAIR" TABLETS THEOLAIR" LIQUID THEOLAIR"-SR TABLETS

INDICATIONS: For relief of acute bronchial asthma and for reversible bronchospasm associated with chronic bronchitis and

employeems.

CONTRAINDICATIONS: In individuals who have shown hypersensitivity to any of its components.

WARNINGS: Status asthmaticus is a medical emergency, Optimal therapy frequently requires additional medication including corticosteroids when the patient is not rapidly responsive to horncholidators.

concoverous when the patient is not apoly responsive to discribing the phylline levels are recommended to assure maximal sensitive without excessive risk. Incidence of toxicity increases at levels greater than 20 µg/mi. Morphine, curare, and stillismidine should be used with caution in patients with arrifow obstruction since they stimulate histamine release and can induce astimatic attacks. They may also suppress respiration leading to respiratory failure. Alternative drugs should be chosen whenever possible. There is an excellent correlation between high blood levels of the hopplyline resulting from conventional doses and associated clinical manifestations of toxicity in (1) patients with lowered body plasma clearances (due to transient cardiac decomposition). (2) patients with liver dysfunction or chronic obstructive unor glosseas, (5) patients who are older than 55 years of age, particularly males.

There are often no early signs of less serious theophylline toxicity such as nausea and restlessness, which may appear in up to 50 percent of patients prior to onset of convulsions. Ventricular arrhythmias or seizures may be the first signs of toxicity.

Many patients who have higher theophylline serum levels exhibit a tachycardia. Theophylline products may worsen pre-existing arrhythmias.

USAGE IN PREGNANCY: Safe use in pregnancy has not been established relative to possible adverse effects on fetal development, but neither have adverse effects on fetal development been established. This is unfortunately frue for most antiasthmatic medications. Therefore, use of theophylline in pregnant women should be balanced against the risk of uncontrolled asthma-

Therefore, use of theophylline in prepnant women should be balanced against the risk of uncontrolled asthma.

PRECAUTIONS: Mean half-life in smokers is shorter than in nonsmokers; therefore smokers may require larger doses of theophylline. Theophylline should not be administered concurrently with other xanthine medications. Use with caution in patients with severe cardiac disease, severe hypocennia, hypertension, hyperthyroidism, acute myocardial injury, or pulmonate, or properties the tart failure, liver disease, and in the elderly (especially males) and in neonates. Great caution should especially be used in giving theophylline to patients in congestive heart failure. Such patients have shown markedly prolonged theophylline blood level curves with theophylline persisting in serum for long periods following discontinuation of the drug.

Use theophylline cautiously in patients with history of pertic ulcer.

Theophylline may occasionally act as a local irritant to G.I. tract although gastrointestinal symptoms are more commonly central and associated with serum concentrations over 20 µg/ml.

ADVERSE REACTIONS: The most consistent adverse reactions are usually due to overdose and are:

1. Gastrointestinal: nausea, vomiting, epigastric pain, hematemesis, diarrhea.

2. Central envous system: headaches, irritability, restlessness, insommia, reflex hyperexcitability, muscle twitching, clonic and tonic generalized convulsions.

3. Cardiovascular: palpitation, tachycardia, extra systoles, flushing, hypotension, circulatory failure, life threatening ventricular

3. Cardiovascular: palpitation, tachycardia, extra systoles, flushing, hypotension, circulatory failure, life threatening ventricular

4. Respiratory: tachypnea. 5. Renal: albuminuria, micreased excretion of renal tubular potentiation or diuresis, and red blood cells.

6. Others: hyperolycemia and inappropriate ADH syndrome.

DRUG INTERACTIONS: Toxic synergism with ephedrine has been documented and may occur with some other sympathomimetic bronchodilators.

Aminophylline with Lithium Carbonate Aminophylline with Propranolol Theophylline with Furosemide Theophylline with Hexamethonium Theophylline with Reserpine
Theophylline with Chlordiazepoxide

Theophylline with Cyclamycin (TAO = Triacetyloleandomycin):

CAUTION: Federal (USA) Law prohibits dispensing without prescription

Increased excretion of Lithium Carbonate
Antagonism of Propranolol effect

Increased Theophylline plasma level

Increased diuresis of Furosemide Decreased Hexamethonium-induced chromatropic effect Reserpine-induced tachycardia Chlordiazepoxide-induced fatty acid mobilization

THEOLAIR"-PLUS 125 TABLETS (theophylline, 125 mg; gualfenesin, 100 mg)

THEOLAIR"-PLUS 250 TABLETS (theophylline, 250 mg; gualfenesin, 200 mg)

Increased diuresis

THEOLAIR"-PLUS LIQUID (theophylline, 125 mg; guaifenesin, 100 mg per 15 ml)

Brief Summary

INDICATIONS AND USAGE: Theolair-Plus is indicated for the symptomatic treatment of bronchospasm associated with such conditions as bronchial asthma, chronic bronchitis and pulmonary emphysema.

CONTRAINDICATIONS: Theolair-Plus is contraindicated in individuals who have shown hypersensitivity to any of its components

to satisfied entratives. Excessive theophylline doses may be associated with toxicity; thus serum theophylline levels should be monitored to assure maximal benefit without excessive risk. Serum levels of theophylline above the accepted therapeutic range (10-20 µg/ml) are associated with an increased incidence of toxicity. Such levels may be reached with customary doses in individuals who metabolize the drug slowly, especially patients (1) with lowered body plasma clearance, (2) with liver dysfunction or chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, (3) older than 55 years of age, particularly males.

Serious toxicity, such as seizure or ventricular arrhythmias, is not necessarily preceded by less serious side effects such as nausea, irritability or restlessness. Many patients who have higher (greater than $20 \mu g/ml$) theophylline serum levels exhibit a tachycardia. Theophylline products may exacerbate pre-existing arrhythmias.

PRECAUTIONS:

General: Thopohylline. Use with caution in patients with severe cardiac disease, hypertension, acute myocardial injury, congestive heart failure, cor pulmonale, severe hypoxemia, hyperthyoxidism, hepatic impairment, history of peptic diciera, discolidism and in the elderly. Concurrent administration with certain antibiotics (troleandomycin, erythromycin, clinidamycin) may result in increased serum thophylline levels.

General: Gualfenesia. Plasma prothrombin and factor V may increase, but any resulting clinical effect is likely to be small.

Theophylline with furosemide Theophylline with reserpine Theophylline with chlordiazepoxide

Increased duresis
Theophylline with reserpine
Theophylline with chloridizepoxide
Theophylline with trollendomycin, erythromycin, or clindamycin
Theophylline with trollendomycin, erythromycin, or clindamycin
Drug/Laboratory Test Interactions: Theophylline may increase uric acid levels and urinary catecholamines. Metabolites of gualfenesin may contribute to increased urinary 5-hydroxy-indoleacetic acid readings, when determined with nitrosonaphthol reagent.
Long-Term Carcinogenic Studies: No animal studies have been conducted with Theolair-Plus products.

USAGE IN PREGNANCY:

Teratogenic Effects: Pregnancy Category C. Animal reproduction studies have not been conducted with Theolair-Plus products. It is also not known whether Theolair-Plus products can cause fetal harm when administered to a pregnant woman or can affect reproduction capacity. Theolair-Plus products should be given to a pregnant woman only if clearly indicated.

Nonteratogenic Effects: It is not known whether use of this drug during labor or delivery has immediate or delayed adverse effects on the fetus, or whether it prolongs the duration of labor or increases the possibility of forceps delivery or other obstetrical intervention. It is not known whether this drug is excreted in human milk. Because many drugs are excreted inwama milk, caution should be exercised when Theolair-Plus products are administered to a nursing woman at levels below 20 µg/m. The most consistent adverse reactions is related to serum theophylline levels and is usually not a problem at levels below 20 µg/m. The most consistent adverse reactions are usually due to overdosage and, while all have not been reported with Theolair-Plus, the following reactions may be considered when theophylline is administered. Central nervous system-clonic and tonic generalized convulsions, muscle twitching, effex hyperecutability, headaches, insonit, restlessness, and flushing. Gastrointestinal: hematemests, voniting, darrivea, epigastric pain, and nausea. Renal: increased excretion of real tubular cells and red blood cells, albuminuria, and diluesis. Respiratory: tachypene. Others: hyperglycemia and inappropriate ADH syndrome.

CAUTION: Federal (USA) Law prohibits dispensing without prescription.

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TIGAN (trimethobenzamide HCl)

Before prescribing, please consult complete product information, a summary of which follows:

Indications: Tigan is indicated for the control of nausea and

Contraindications: The injectable form of Tigan in children, the suppositories in premaure or newborn infants, and use in patients with known hypersensitivity to trimetroberazimide are contrain-dicated. Since the suppositories contain berzocame they should not be used in patients known to be sensitive to this or similar local

Warnings:

Caution should be exercised when administering Tigan to children for the treatment of vomiting. Antiemetics are not recommended for treatment of uncomplicated vomiting in children and their uses should be limited to protonged vomiting of known etiology. There are three principal reasons for

1. There has been some suspicion that centrally acting anti-emetics may contribute, in combination with viral illnesses (a possible cause of vomitting in children), to development of Reye's syndrome, a potentially fatal acute childhood enceph-alogathy with visceral fatty degeneration, especially involving the liver. Although there is no confirmation of this suspicion, caution is nevertheless recommended.

caution is nevertheless recommended.

2. The extrapyramidal symptoms which can occur secondary to Tigan may be confused with the central nervous system signs of an undiagnosed primary disease responsible for the voniting, e.g., Reye's syndrome or other encephalopathy.

3. It has been suspected that drugs with hepatotoxic potential, such as Tigan, may unfavorably alter the course of Reye's syndrome. Such drugs should therefore be avoided in children whose signs and symptoms (womiting) could represent Reye's syndrome. It should also be noted that salicylates and acetamicophen are hepatotoxic at large doses. Although it is not known that at usual doses they would represent a hazard in patients with the underlying hepatic disorder of Reye's syndrome, these drugs, too, should be avoided in children whose signs and symptoms could represent Reye's syndrome, these drugs, too, should be avoided in children whose signs and symptoms could represent Reye's syndrome, unless alternative methods of controlling fever are not successful.

Tigan may produce drowsiness. Patients should not operate motor vehicles or other dangerous machinery until their individual responses have been determined. Heye is syndrome has been associated with the use of Tigan and other drugs, including antiemetics, although their contribution, if any, to the cause and course of the disease hasn't been established. This syndrome is characterized by an abrupt onset shortly following a nonspectific febrile illness, with persistent, severe vomiting, lethar go, machine illness, with persistent, severe vomiting, lethar go, rational behavior, progressive encephalogathy leading to coma, convulsions and death.

encephalopathy leading to coma, convulsions and death.

Issage in Pregnancy: Trimethobenzamide hydrochloride was studied in reproduction experiments in rats and rebuts and no teratogenicity was suggested. The only effects observed were an increased percentage of embryonic resorptions or stillborn pups in rats administered 20 mg and 100 mg/kg, and increased resorptions in rabbits receiving 100 mg/kg, lie each study these adverse effects were attributed to one or two dams. The relevance to humans is not known. Since there is no adequate experience in pregnant or lactating women who have received this drug, safety in pregnancy or in nursing mothers has not been established.

or in nursing mothers has not been established.

Precautions: During the course of acute febrile Illness, encephalitides, gastroenteritis, dehydration and electrolyte imbalance, especially in children and the elderly or debilitated, CNS reactions such as opisthotones, control-sions, come and extrapyramidal symptoms have been reported with and without use of Tigan or other attemetic agents. In such disorders caution should be exercised in administering Tigan, particularly to patients who have recently received other CNS-acting agents (phenothiazines, bariturates, belladonna derivatives). It is recommended that severe emesis should not be irretated with an antiemettic drug alone, where possible the cause of vomiting should be established. Primary emphasis should be directed toward the restoration of body fluids and electrolyte balance, the relief of lever and relief of the causative disease process. Overhydration should be avoided since it may result in cerebral edema.

The antiemetic effects of Tigan may render diagnosis more difficult in such conditions as appendicitis and obscure signs of toxicity due to overdosage of other drugs.

due to overdosage of other drugs.

Adverse Reactions: There have been reports of hypersensitivity reactions and Parkinson-like symptoms. There have been instances of hypotension reported following parenteral administration to surgical patients. There have been reports of blood dyscrasias, blurring of vision, coma, comulsions, depression of mood, diarrhea, discrimentation, dizziness, drowsniess, headache, jaundice, muscle cramps and opisthotonos. If these occur, the administration of the drug should be discontinued. Altergic-type skin reactions have been observed; therefore, the drug should be discontinued at the first sign of sensitization. While these symptoms will usually disappear spontaneously, symptomatic treatment may be indicated in some cases.

Note: The incipation of the properties of

taneously, symptomatic treatment may be indicated in some cases.

Note: The injectable form is intended for intramuscular use only; it is not recommended for intravenous use.

How Supplied: Suppositories, Pediatric, 100 mg, boxes of 10. Suppositories, 200 mg, boxes of 10 and 50.

Ampuls, 2 ml, boxes of 10. Multiple-Dose Vials, 20 ml. Thera-lecth* (bisposable Sympos), 2 ml, boxes of 25. Capsules 250 mg, bottles of 100 and 500; 100 mg, bottles of 100.

Beecham laboratories Bristol, Tennessee 37620

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Talwin[°]50

pentazocine HCI tablets. USP @

Relieves pain of a moderate to severe nature. Usual initial adult dose is 1 tablet every 3 or 4 hours.

"lease consult full prescribing information before prescribing, A summary follows: TALWIN 50 is intended for the relief of moderate to severe pain. One 50 mg tablet appears equivalent in analgesic effect to 60 mg ft gr) of codeine. TALWIN 50 is a weak narcotic antagonist with Sedative activities.

Contraindication: Hypersensitivity to pentazocine

Contraindication: Hypersensitivity to pentazocine. Warnings: Drup Dependence: There have been instances of psychological and physical dependence on parenteral pentazocine in patients with a history of drug abuses and, rarely, in patients without such a history of drug abuses and, rarely, in patients without such a history of drug discontinuance of lollowing the extended use of parenteral pentazocine has resulted in withdrawal symptoms. There have been a few reports of dependence and of withdrawal symptoms with orally administered TALVIN 50. Patients with a history of drug dependence should be under closes uppervision while receiving TALVIN 50 orally. There have been rare reports of possible abstinence syndromes in newborns after prolonged use of TALVIN 50 during preparacy. In prescribing TALVIN 50 for chronic use, the physician should take precautions to avoid increases in dose by the patient and to prevent the use of the drug in anticipation of pain rather than for the relief of pain.

present the use of the drug in anticipation of pain rather than for the relief of pain.
Head flipiny and Increased Intracranial Pressure. TALWIN 50 may elevate cerebrospinal fluid pressure due to respiratory depressant effect. This may be markedly exaggerated in the presence of head injury, intracranial tesions and a preesting increase in intracranial pressure. TALWIN 50 may obscure the clinical course of patients with head injuries. TALWIN 50 should be used with extreme caution in such patients and only if its use is deemed essential.
Usage in Programicy: Safe use of TALMIN 50 during pregnancy (other than labor) has not been established. TALWIN 50 should be used administered to pregnant patients (other than labor) only when potential benefits outwelp nossible hazaus; and cautiously in labor of women delivering prematurely.
Acute ONS Manifestations in therapeutic dosages, rarely, transmitted the acute ONS Manifestations and confusion which usually clear within hours may occur. Observe such patients carefully and check vital signs. Use caution if the drug is reinstituted since the acute ONS manifestations may recur.

Lage in Chiffien. Not recommended under the age of 12.

Ambulatory Patients. Since sedation, dizziness, and occasional epiphral have been noted, ambulatory patients.** Should be warned not to operate machinery, drive cars, or unnecessarily expose themselves to hazards.

Precautions: TALWIN 50 has been rarely reported to cause respiratory depression. The drug should be used with caution and in low dosages depression. The drug should be used with caution and in low dosages to patients with respiratory depression, severely limited respiratory reserve, bronchial asthma, respiratory obstruction, cyanosis, renal or hopatic dystunction. Caution should also be used with patients prone to convulsive disorders and those about to undergo billary surgery. As with other strong analgesis, use with caution in patients with myocardial intarction who have nausea or vomiting. Patients previously given inarcolicis, including melitadone, may experience withdrawal symptoms after receiving IALWIN 50.

symptoms after receiving (TALWIN 50.

Adverse Reactions: Reactions reported after oral administration of TALWIN 50 include gastrointestinal. nausea, vomiting, infrequently constipation, and targity abdominal distress, anorexia, diarriea, DNR offects distraines, lightheaddeness, sedation, emphoria, headache; infrequently weakness, disturbed dreams, insomnia, syncope, visual burring and focusing difficulty, halluclinations, and raely trenni, irria-bility, excitement, tinnitus. Autonomic sweating, infrequently flushing, and raely chila. Allegic, irrifequently decrease in blood pressure, activational famelologic: rately depression of white blood cells (especially granulocytes), which is usually reversible, moderate transient essinophila. Other rarely respiratory depression, urinary retention, paresthesia, toxic epidermal necrolysis.

Dosage and Administration: Adults: The usual initial adult dose is 1 tablet (50 mg) every three or four hours. This may be increased to 2 tablets (100 mg) when needed. Total daily dosage should not exceed 600 mg

Overdosage: Clinical experience has not yet defined signs of over-dosage. Cryypen, intravenous fluids, vasopressors, assisted or com-trolled verification, and other supportive measures should be employed as indicated. A specific antagonist such as natoxone is available for respiratory depression due to overdosage or unusual sensitivity.

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